

Q1

### Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan's

# Sardar Patel College of Engineering

(A Government Aided Autonomous Institute) Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai – 400058



#### **End Semester Test**

MAY, 2017

**Program: Construction Management** 

Course code: MTCM151

c) Only I

d) Neither I & II

Name of the Course: Legal Aspects in Construction

**Duration: 4 Hour** 

Maximum Marks: 100

Semester: II

Master file.

Instructions: Attempt any 5 Questions

			Max. Marks	Course Outcome Number	Module No.
(A)	Chaose t	he correct codes	10	02	02
(13)	-	d out correct statements			
	I.	A fixed-price contract is a type of contract where the payment amount does not depend on resources used or time expended			
	II.	Unit price contract of contract is based on estimated quantities of items included in the project and their unit prices. The final price of the project is dependent on the quantities needed to carry out the work.			
	a)	Both I & II			
	b)	Only II			
	c)	Only I			
		Neither I & II			
	2. Consi	der following statements about Single tendering		0.0	0.0
	a)	Single response to an open bid can be termed as Single Tender		02	02
		If only a particular firm is the manufacture then one can go for single			
	c)	Single tendering can be done for emergent need to procure			
		from a particular source tender			
		Technical reason is to be recorded in single tendering			
		oose <u>incorrect</u> statement.			
	3. Find	out INCORRECT statements			
	I.	Arbitration is a confidential process.		04,06	04
	II.	Compared to court proceedings, it is a relatively slow process.			
	,	Both I & II			
	b)	Only II			

	<ul> <li>4. Supreme courd have laid some principles regarding bidding. Find out <u>CORRECT</u> statement.</li> <li>a) Government organizations are allowed to work in secrecy in dealing with contracts.</li> <li>b) Reasons for administrative decisions can or cannot be recorded.</li> <li>c) Tendering Process or Public Auction is the basic requirement for the award of any contract.</li> <li>d) Adequate publicity is not essential.</li> </ul>		02,04,06	02
	<ul> <li>5. Which case is liable for compensation under workman compensation act <ul> <li>a) the workmen having been at the time thereof under the influence or drugs</li> <li>b) the willful disobedience of the workman to an order expressly given</li> <li>c) In respect of any injury which does not result in the total or partial disablement of the workmen for a period exceeding three days</li> <li>d) Who has contracted an occupational disease</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		05	05
(B)	Downthink there is scope to improve existing Indian Contract Law?	10	03	03
	Explain briefly.			
Q2 (A) (B)	How is an arbitrating tribunal formulated for construction projects? What are advantages and disadvantages of Adjudication and Mediation	10 10	04,06 04,06	04 04
Q3 (A)	Differentiate between LAY-OFF and LOCK-OUT	10	05	05
(B)	What are circumstances in which employer is not liable to compensation under workman compensation act	10	05	05
Q4 (A)	Explain any 5 types of contracts	10	02,04	02
(B)	Discuss ways to discharge contract	10	02,04	02
Q5 (A)	Why do you think minimum wages act is needed? What are components of fixing minimum wages?	10	05,06	06
(B)	Summarise payment of wages act	10	06	06
Q6 (A)	What are rules to govern minors agreement	10	03	03
(B)	Elaborate FIDIC types of contract	10	07	07
Q7	write short note on  a) Wager agreement b) Contingent agreement c) Fraud d) Misrepresentation	<b>1</b> 0	01.02,03,	02,03

· 12/5/17



#### BharatiyaVidyaBhavan's

### Sardar Patel College of Engineering

(A Government Aided Autonomous Institute)

Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai – 400058.

End Semester Exam

May 2017 (SET A)

Max. Marks:100

Class: F.Y.B.Tech(Mechanical)Semester:II

Duration: 3HR Program: MECHANICAL

**ENGINEERING** 

Name of the Course:Engineering

Graphics-II

Course Code: BT203

Exam Seat No	
Reg.NO.	
Machine NO.	
Sign of Invigilator	

Master file.

#### **Instructions:**

- 1. All Questions are compulsory.
- 2. Draw neat diagrams.
- 3. Assume suitable data if necessary and clearly indicate the same.

4. Use only First angle projection method.

		Max	CO	Modul
Question No		imu m Mar ks	NO	No.
Q1	Draw the following orthographic projection view of figure 1 1}FRONT VIEW 2} TOP VIEW 3} LHSV	20	1,4	2
	10 2A 10 88			
	25			
	26			

Q2.		Draw the following views by the first angle method of projection 1]sectional front view along the direction of an arrow X and the section along A-A 2] Top view	20	1,4	3
Q2.		3]LHSV			
	·Q2.				
				AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	

Q3	Shows two view of an object. Draw its isometric view with O as origin.	20	2,4	5
	φ16 R20 φ20 R20 ο 30 30 R20 ο 40			
Q4	Show the front view and R.H.S.V of an object. Draw the given views and draw the missing TV.	20	3,4	6
	20 20 20 PMS VI			
				1
Q5	(A) Draw any two type of bolt with suitable dimension.  (B) Draw any two type of screw with suitable dimension.	10	4	7

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### Sardar Patel College of Engineering

(A Government Aided Autonomous Institute)

Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai – 400058.

End Semester Exam

May 2017 (SET B)



Max. Marks:100

Class: F.Y.B.Tech(Mechanical)Semester:II

Duration: 3HR Program: MECHANICAL

**ENGINEERING** 

Name of the

Course: Engineering

Graphics-II

Course Code: BT203

Exam Seat No	
Reg.NO.	
Machine NO.	
Sign of Invigilator	

Master file.

#### Instructions:

1. All Questions are compulsory.

2. Draw neat diagrams.

3. Assume suitable data if necessary and clearly indicate the same.

4. Use only First angle projection method.

Question No		Max imu m Mar ks	CO NO	Module No.
Q1	Draw the following orthographic projection view of figure 1}FRONT VIEW 2} TOP VIEW 3} LHSV	20	1,4	2
	13 000 21			
	76			

	Draw the following views by the first angle method of projection 1] A front view along the direction of an arrow X. 2] A sectional top view on section plane A-B 3]LHSV	20	1,4	3
Q2.	SO SHOULS SO			

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Shows two views of an object. Draw the given views and draw the missing LHSV.  6  (A) Draw any two type of nut with suitable dimension.	Q3	Shows two view of an object. Draw its isometric view.	20	2,4	4,5
the missing LHSV.  Solution (A) Draw any two type of nut with suitable dimension.		30 40 R20 R20			
O5 (A) Draw any two type of nut with suitable dimension.	Q4	the missing LHSV.	20	3,4	6
O5 (A) Draw any two type of nut with suitable dimension.		33			
O5 (A) Draw any two type of nut with suitable dimension. 10 4		90	-		
O5 (A) Draw any two type of nut with suitable dimension.					
(B) Draw any two type of stud with suitable dimension. 10 4	Q5	(A) Draw any two type of nut with suitable dimension.	1		7

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### Sardar Patel College of Engineering

(A Government Aided Autonomous Institute)

Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai – 400058.

End Semester Exam

May 2016



Max. Marks:100

Class: F.Y.B.Tech(Civil) SET B

Program:Civil Engineering

Name of the Course: Engineering Graphics-II Course Code: BT203

Duration: 3HR	
Semester:II	

Exam Seat No	
Reg.NO.	
Machine NO.	
Sign of Invigilator	

Master file

#### Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.

3. Draw neat diagrams

4. Assume suitable data if necessary and clearly indicate the same.

Q.		Max.	CO	Module
No		Marks	NO	No.
Q.1	The following fig.shows pictorial view of a block.Draw the following views by using first angle method of projection:  1. FRONT VIEW  2. LHSV  3. TOP VIEW	20	1,4	2

Q. No		Max. Marks	CO NO	Module No.
Q.2	The following fig.shows pictorial view of a block.Draw the following views by using first angle method of projection:  1. SECTIONAL FRONT VIEW along the section A-A  2. RHSV  3. TOP VIEW	20	1,4	3
Q.3	Given figure shows orthographic views of an object by first angle projection method. Taking 'O' as origin draws its isometric view, give only major dimensions.	20	2,4	4,5

Q. No		Max. Marks	CO NO	Module No.
Q.4	Given figure shows front view and left side view of a machine part. Draw  1) Sectional Front View, along section A – A.  2) Top View.  3) Left Hand Side View.  4) Dimensioning.	20	3,4	5
	85 R18 R18 R25 R18 R18 R18 R18 R18 R18 R18 R18			
	Front View L.H. Side View			
Q.5	(A) Draw any two types of screws. Use suitable data wherever necessary	10	4	7
	(B) Draw any two types of stud. Use suitable data wherever necessary.	10	4	7



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### Sardar Patel College of Engineering

(A Government Aided Autonomous Institute) Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai – 400058.

#### End Semester Exam May 2017

Max. Marks: 75 marks

Class: F.Y B.TECH

Semester:

II

Duration: 3.0 H

Program:

Course Code: BT-206

Master file.

Name of the Course: Applied Chemistry -II Instructions:

1 questions no 1 is compulsory

2 Attempt any three out of remaining four

3 Draw neat labeled diagrams

Question No	Question	Max. Marks	Course Outcome Number	Mod. No.
Q1				
a	A Coal sample contain following composition by weight C=80%, H=5%,O=5%, S=2%,N=3% and Ash=5% calculate gross and net calorific value	5	3	6
b	5.0 g of sample taken for nitrogen estimation by Kjeldahls method. The ammonia required 15 ml of 0.5N H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> for Neutralization. Using bomb calorimeter 3.0 g of coal sample produced 0.60 g of BaSO <sub>4</sub> . Calculate percentage of Nitrogen and Sulphur in coal sample	5	3	6
c	Calculate the Atom Economy for following reaction $C_6H_5NH_2 + (CH_3CO)_2O> C_6H_5NHCOCH_3 + CH_3COOH$	5	4	7
Q2				
a	Why temporary modification or derivatization avoided? explain with suitable chemical reaction. What are industrial green solvent	10	4	7
b	What are limitations of ferrous alloy? Explain advantages of aluminum alloy over ferrous alloy	5	2	4
c	Explain alloy of copper with its composition properties and application	5	2	4

Q3				T
a	Explain determination of nitrogen and sulphur by Ultimate analysis with its significance	10	3	6
b	Write short note on Cetane Value Diesel fuel	5	3	6
с	Explain limitation of direct use of oil as fuel. Write biodiesel synthesis	5	3	6
Q4				
a	Explain atmospheric corrosion with its mechanism	10	1	1
b	Explain the cathodic protection of metal	5	1	2
С	Explain waterline corrosion with suitable example	5	1	2
Q5				
a	Explain electrochemical and Galvanic series. Write difference between Electrochemical and Galvanic series	10	1	1
b	What is cracking of crude petroleum why catalytic cracking is better than thermal cracking	5	3	6
c	What are antiknocking agents? Explain its role petrol	5	3	6



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### Sardar Patel College of Engineering

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Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai – 400058.

End Semester Exam

May 2017

Max. Marks: 100

Class: F.Y.B.Tech

Semester:II

Name of the Course : Computer Programming

Course Code: BT207

Duration: 3 hours Program: (C/E/M)

Master file.

#### **Instructions:**

Q1 is compulsory. Attempt any FOUR from remaining SIX

• Assume suitable data wherever necessary.

			Max. Marks	Course Outcome Number	Module No.
	A	Write an algorithm and draw a flow chart to find GCD and LCM of two numbers.	10	1	1
1.	В	Discuss the salient features of OOPs.	05	3	6
	C	Explain recursive functions.	05	2	4
2.	A	Create class A which has one private integer variable. Also contains one function to take in the value and another function to display the value.  Create Class B which has one private floating point variable. Also contains one function to take in the value and another function to display the value.  Write a program to divide the integer value with floating point value and display the result with help of some additional function. (Avoid inheritance).	10	3	6
	В	Write a program to add two matrices.	10	2	5
	A	Write a program to enter a number and say whether it is even or odd number. Use switch statement.	05	2	3
3.	В	Describe different types of inheritance and explain hybrid inheritance with an example. Also explain how multiple copies of functions can be avoided while inheriting the same class via different paths.	15	3	6

4.	A	Explain the following with an example i. Loop which is exit controlled ii. If-else statement	10	1	4
	В	Explain the concept of overloading of functions and overriding of functions.	10	2,3	5,6
5.	A	Write a program to print the Fibonacci series up till n terms.  1 1 2 3 5 8	10	1	3
	В	Write a program to find nor where n and r are supplied by the user.	10	1,2	3,4
		Define a class str that could work as a user defined datatype. Include constructors that will enable us to create an uninitialized string.	20	2,3	5,7
		str s1; and also to initialize an object with a string constant at the time of creation like str s2("Well Done!"); Include a function that adds two strings to make a third string. Note that the statement s2 == s1; will be perfectly reasonable expression to compare one string to another. Write a complete program to test your class to see that it does the following task:  a. Creates uninitialized string objects b. Creates objects with string constants. c. Concatenates two strings. d. Compare one string with another using operator overloading. e. Displays a desired string object.			
1		Write Short Note on any three			
1	A	Datatypes			
1	В	Continue Statement and Break Statement	20	1	2
(		Run time Polymorphism :		1	3
I		Call by value and call by reference	,	3	7
			1	2	4

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### Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan's

# SARDAR PATEL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to University of Mumbai)

End Semester Examination for F.Y.BTech (Civil/Mechanical/Electrical) 2016-17

17/05/2017

Total marks: 75

Duration: 3 Hrs

Master file.

Class/Sem: F.Y.BTech (C/M/E) Sem-II

Subject: APPLIED PHYSICS-II

Course code: BT205

- Attempt any FIVE questions out of SEVEN questions
- Answers to all sub questions should be grouped together.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- Assume suitable data if necessary and state the assumption clearly.
- Figures to the right indicate full marks, course outcome number and module number respectively.

Good luck!

	) (40	)   ( )		
)		Max Mark	CO	Mod ule no.
	Arrive at Lorentz transformation equations.  A space ship moving away from the earth with velocity 0.6c fires a rocket whose velocity relative to the space ship is 0.7c away from the earth. What will be the velocity of the rocket, as observed from the earth?	8	CO3	V
	Derive Gauss' law in integral form. Find the electric field at a distance z above the midpoint of a straight line segment of length $2L$ , which carries a uniform charge density $\lambda$ . Reduce it to the form if we want to find for an infinite straight wire.	7	CO2	IV
	Derive an expression for interplanar spacing between parallel planes in a general lattice in terms of their Miller indices. A crystal lattice plane (326) makes an intercept of 1.5A° on X-axis in a crystal having lattice constants 1.5A°, 2A° and 2A° respectively on X, Y and Z axes. Find the Y and Z intercepts.	8	CO1	I
	Explain formation of characteristic X-ray spectrum and also draw the nature of the spectrum. The glancing angle of reflection for the first $K_{\alpha}$ X-rays from Palladium are 5.4° from the (100) planes, 7.6° from (110) planes and 9.4° from the (111) planes. Determine the cubic lattice structure of the crystal.	7	CO1	П

3				
(a)	Write a short note on diamond structure explaining its unit cell properties. For explaining the coordination number, consider any one corner atom as a reference. Find the diffraction angle corresponding to the first order if X-rays of wavelength 0.863A° are reflected from the (110) plane of a diamond structure. Given that radius of carbon atom is 5A°.	8	CO1	I&II
(b) 4	Define the terms proper length and proper frame. State length contraction formula. Calculate the percentage contraction of a rod moving with a velocity of light in the direction at 60° to its own length.	7	CO3	V
(a)	Derive an expression for potential in terms of electric field. Find the potential inside and outside a spherical shell of radius R which carries a uniform surface charge. Set the reference point at infinity.	8	CO2	ΙV
(b) 5	Write a note on Bragg's spectrometer. Monochromatic X-rays of wavelength 0.82A° undergo first order Bragg reflection from a crystal of cubic lattice with lattice constant 3A°, at a glancing angle of 7°51'48". Identify the Bragg planes which give rise to this reflection in terms of their Miller indices.	7	CO1	II
(a)	Explain (i) magnetomotive force, (ii) reluctance, (iii) permeance, (iv) Ohm's law for magnetic circuits with proper definition and units. Calculate current required for producing $2.7x10^{-3}$ Wb due to an iron ring of cross sectional area of $60cm^2$ , having 50cm mean diameter and an air gap of 1mm. Given that relative permeability is 900 and number of turns are 400.	8	CO2	Ш
(b) 6	Describe the three important plane orientations in an FCC structure. X-rays are reflected from (110) of such FCC structure with an atomic radius 1.28A°. Find the Bragg angle corresponding to the the first order. Given that the wavelength of incident X-rays is 1.4A°.	7	CO1	I&II
(a)	State and explain with example divergence theorem. Check the divergence theorem for the following function: $\vec{v} = r^2 \hat{r}$ .	8	CO2	IV
(b) 7	Derive an expression for magnetization of paramagnetic materials using Langevin's theory.	7	CO2	III
(a)	Obtain the relativistic formula for addition of velocities and hence prove the second postulate of special theory of relativity.	8	CO3	V
(b)	Explain hysteresis curve using domain theory. Calculate energy loss per minute in an iron core of a transformer, if area of hysteresis loop is equivalent to 3800erg/cc. Frequency is 100 cycles/s, density of iron is 7.5gm/cc and mass of iron core is 40kg.	7	CO2	Ш

Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan's

### Sardar Patel College of Engineering

(A Government Aided Autonomous Institute) Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai – 400058



Program: F.Y.B.Tech. (Civil/Mechanical/Electrical)

Course code: BT204

Name of the Course: Engineering Mechanics-II

Semester: II

Date: 15/05/2017

Duration: 3 Hr

Maximum Marks: 100

#### **Instructions:**

- 1) Question No.1 is compulsory.
- 2) Out of remaining questions, attempt any FOUR questions.
- 3) In all FIVE questions to be attempted.
- 4) All questions carry equal marks.

5) Answers to each question to be started on fresh page.

Master file.

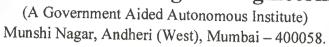
Q. No.	3) Allswers to each question to be stated in 2007-7	Maximum Marks	Course Outcome Number	Module No.
0.1	Explain radius of gyration and product of inertia.	5	1	2
Q.1a)	Explain uniform motion and uniformly accelerated linear motion.	5	2,3	3,5
b)	State and explain D'Alembert's principle. Why it is called	5	2,3	5,7
c) d)	principle of dynamic equilibrium?  Explain impact and various types of impact along with neat sketches.	5	2,3	6
Q.2 a)	A rectangular hole is made in a triangular area as shown. Find the moment of inertia of the shaded area about the centroidal x and y axis.	12	1	2
Q.2 b)	A wheel rotating about a fixed axis at 20 revolutions per minute is uniformly accelerated for 70 seconds during which it makes 50 revolutions. Determine (i) angular velocity at the end of this interval and (ii) time required for the velocity to reach 100 revolutions per minute.		2	3

Q.3 a)	Determine the centroid of the shaded portion.	10	1	1
	15cm 15cm 26cm 26cm			
Q.3 b)	Two balls of mass 2 kg and 4 kg are moving in the same direction with velocities of 6 m/s and 1.5 m/s respectively inclined at 45° and 60° with the line of impact. If the coefficient of restitution is 0.6, determine their velocities in magnitude and direction after impact.	10	2,3	6
Q.4 a)	A projectile is aimed at a mark on the horizontal plane through the point of projection and falls 12m short when the angle of projection is 250, while it overshoots the mark by 24m when the angle of projection is 600. Determine the angle of projection to hit the mark. Assume no air resistance.	10	2	3
Q.4 b)	In the mechanism shown, AB rotates clockwise with an angular velocity of 10 rad/s. Determine the angular velocities of bars BC and CD when the bar makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal, bar CD makes an angle of 60° and the bar BC is horizontal.	10	2	4
	30° 20° 20° 20° 20° 20° 20° 20° 20° 20° 2			
	A cylinder of weight 750 N and radius 0.1 m is suspended from a string that is wound around its circumference as shown. If the cylinder is allowed to fall freely, determine the acceleration of its mass centre C and the tension in the string.	10	3	7

Q.5 b)	A stone is thrown vertically upwards with a velocity of 18 m/s from an elevation of 40 m above the ground level. Two second later, another stone is thrown vertically upwards with a velocity of 25 m/s from an elevation of 15 m above the ground level. Determine when and where both the stones will meet.	10	1	3
Q.6 a)	A system of blocks shown is initially at rest. Block A and B weigh 800N and 1600 N respectively. The coefficient of friction between block A and inclined plane is 0.3, determine the velocity of block A when it moves 1 m along the plane. The pully is frictionless and weightless.	10	2	6
	30° 7			
Q.6 b)	Two ships A and B moves simultaneously from port, ship A is moving in N 45° W at 25 kmph and ship B is moving in S60°W at 15 kmph. Determine  (i) relative velocity of ship A with respect to ship B.  (ii) distance between two ships after 1 hr  (iii) at what time both ships will be 15 km apart?	10	2	3
Q.7 a)	An arrangement of pulys is as shown. The mass of blocks A and B are 15 kg and 5 kg respectively. Calculate the acceleration of the two blocks and the tension in the string. If the system of blocks is released from rest, determine the velocity and the distance travelled by each block at the end of 10 second.	10	2	4
Q.7 b)	A particle is moving with simple harmonic motion and performs frequency of 12 oscillations per minute. At a distance 10 cm from the mean position, its velocity is 0.5 of the maximum velocity. Determine,  (i) the amplitude of oscillation  (ii) maximum acceleration  (iii) velocity of partical when it is at a distance of 6 cm from the mean position.	10	2	3



# Sardar Patel College of Engineering





#### May 2017

Maximum Marks: 100

Class: F.Y.B.Tech

Semester: II

**Duration: 3 hours** Program: C/M/E

Name of the Course: Engineering Mathematics II

Course Code: BT201

#### **Instructions:**

Master file.

- Attempt any FIVE questions out of SEVEN questions.
- Answers to all sub questions should be grouped together.

Q		Mark s	СО	Mo
l(a)	Find the total length of the curve: $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} = 1$ .	6	1	1
(b)	Evaluate $\iint \frac{y}{(a-x)\sqrt{ax-y^2}} dxdy$ , where R is the region bounded	6	1	2
	by $y^2 = ax$ and $y = x$ .			
(c)	Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - x(y - x) - x^3(y - x)^2$	8	3	4
2 (a)	Solve $(D^2 + a^2)y = \csc ax$	6	3	5
(b)	Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\infty} \sqrt{x} e^{-x^2} dx \cdot \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-x^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	6	2	6
(c)	Find the area outside the circle $r = a$ and inside the cardioide $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$	8	1	2
3 (a)	Find the mass of the lamina in the form of a cardioide $r = a(1 - \cos \theta)$ if the density at any point varies as the distance from the pole.	6	3	2
(b)	Prove that $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{x^{m-1} + x^{n-1}}{(1+x)^{m+n}} dx = \beta(m, n)$	6	2	6
(c)	Solve $(D^3 - 3D^2 + 9D - 27)y = \cos 3x$	8	3	5

	(a) Use differentiation under the integral sign to prove that $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\tan^{-1}(ax)}{x(1+x^{2})} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \log(1+a), \text{ if } a \ge 0.$		6	2	
	Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\tan y - 3x^4}{x \sec^2 y - x^2 \cos y}$		6	3	1
	(c) Solve $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 5x \frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = (1 + \frac{1}{x})^2 \cdot \log x$		8	3	+
5 (8	Express $\int_{-\pi/3}^{\pi/6} (\sin \theta + \sqrt{3} \cos \theta)^{1/6} d\theta$ as a beta function.		5	2	1
(b	$(D + 1)y = x \sin x$	6		3	5
(c)	Evaluate $\int_{1}^{e} \int_{1}^{\log y} \int_{1}^{e^{x}} \log z  dx dy dz$	8		2	3
6(a	$\int_0^4 \int_{\sqrt{4x-x^2}}^{\sqrt{16-x^2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{16-x^2-y^2}} dxdy$	6		1	2
(b) (c)	Solve $(D^3 - 7D - 6)y = (x^2 - 3x + 4)e^{2x}$ Find the volume bounded by the cylinder $y^2 = x, x^2 = y$ and the planes $z = 0, x + y + z = 2$	6	3		5
	z = 0, $x + y + z = 2$	8	2	3	;
a) o)	Solve $(2xy^4e^y + 2xy^3 + y)dx + (x^2y^4e^y - x^2y^2 - 3x)dy = 0$ Assuming the validity of these	6	3	4	-
	Assuming the validity of differentiation under integral sign, show that $\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x^{2}} \cos 2ax dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} e^{-a^{2}}.$ Given that $\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x^{2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$	6	2	7	
1	Evaluate $\iint \frac{ye^{2y}}{\sqrt{(1-x)(x-y)}} dxdy$ , where R is the region of the	8	1	2	



#### Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan's

### Sardar Patel College of Engineering

(A Government Aided Autonomous Institute) **End Semester Exam** 

Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai – 400058. May 2016

Max. Marks:100

Class: F.Y.B.Tech(Electrical) SET A

Program: Electrical Engineering

Name of the Course: **Engineering Graphics-II** Course Code: BT203

ig	
Exam Seat No	
Reg.NO.	
Machine NO.	
Sign of Invigilator	
	Master file.
	1 193111

Duration: 3HR

Semester:II

**Instructions:** 

All questions are compulsory.

Draw neat diagrams 3.

Assume suitable data if necessary and clearly indicate the same. 4.

		Max.	CO	Module
Q. No		Marks	NO	No.
Q.1	The following fig.shows pictorial view of a block.Draw the following views by using first angle method of projection:  1. FRONT VIEW  2. RHSV  3. TOP VIEW	20	1,4	2
	260			
	R30			

Q. No		Max. Marks	CO NO	Module No.
Q.2	The following fig.shows pictorial view of a block.Draw the following views by using first angle method of projection:  1. FRONT VIEW  2. SECTIONAL RHSV along the section A-A  3. TOP VIEW	20	1,4	3
Q.3	Given figure shows orthographic views of an object by first angle projection method. Taking 'O' as origin draws its isometric view, give only major dimensions.  R20  18  824  16  18  Front View  Left Hand Side View	20	2,4	4,5

Q. 4 Given figure shows front view and left side view of a machine part. Draw a) Sectional Front View, along section A – A. b) Top View. c) Left Side View. d) Dimensioning.  R24  R24  R24  Q.5  (A) Draw any two types of stud. Use suitable data wherever necessary.  Marks NO No.  R20  3,4  6  R24  R24  R24  R24  R24  R24  R24			Max.	CO	Module
Q. 4 Given figure shows front view and left side view of a machine part. Draw a) Sectional Front View, along section A – A. b) Top View. c) Left Side View. d) Dimensioning.  20 3,4 6			Marks	NO	No.
R24  R24  R24  R24  R24  R24  R24  R24		<ul> <li>a) Sectional Front View, along section A – A.</li> <li>b) Top View.</li> <li>c) Left Side View.</li> </ul>	20	3,4	6
O.5 (A) Draw any two types of stud. Use suitable data wherever necessary 10 4 7		8 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			
(B) Draw any two types of nut. Use suitable data wherever necessary. 10 4 7	0.5	(A) Draw any two types of stud. Use suitable data wherever necessary	10	4	
	Ų.3	(B) Draw any two types of nut. Use suitable data wherever necessary.	10	4	7



#### Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan's

### Sardar Patel College of Engineering



(A Government Aided Autonomous Institute)
Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai – 400058.
End Semester Exam
May 2016

Max. Marks:100

Class: F.Y.B.Tech(Electrical) SET B

Program: Electrical Engineering

Name of the Course: Engineering Graphics-II Course Code: BT203 Duration: 3HR Semester:II

III 5	
Exam Seat No	
Reg.NO.	
Machine NO.	
Sign of Invigilator	Section 1

Master file.

#### Instructions:

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 3. Draw neat diagrams
- 4. Assume suitable data if necessary and clearly indicate the same.

Q. No		Max. Marks	CO NO	
Q.1	The following fig.shows pictorial view of a block. Draw the following views by using first angle method of projection:  1. FRONT VIEW  2. RHSV  3. TOP VIEW	20	1,4	2
	* A STATE OF THE S			

Q. No		Max. Marks	CO NO	Module No.
Q.2	The following fig.shows pictorial view of a block.Draw the following views by using first angle method of projection:  1. SECTIONAL FRONT VIEW along the section A-A  2. RHSV  3. TOP VIEW	20	1,4	3
Q.3	Given figure shows orthographic views of an object by first angle projection method. Taking 'O' as origin draws its isometric view, give only major dimensions.	20	2,4	4,5

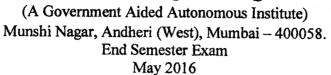
Q. No		Max. Marks	CO NO	Module No.
Q.4	Given figure shows front view and left side view of a machine part. Draw a) Sectional Front View, along section A – A. b) Top View. c) Right Side View. d) Dimensioning.	20	3,4	6
	90 F.V. 90 T.V.	1.		
Q.5	(A)Draw any two types of screws. Use suitable data wherever necessary	10	4	7
	(B) Draw any two types of bolt. Use suitable data wherever necessary.	10	4	7

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#### Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan's

## Sardar Patel College of Engineering





Duration: 3HR

Max. Marks:100

Class: F.Y.B.Tech(Civil) SET A

Program:Civil Engineering

Name of the Course: Engineering Graphics-II Course Code: BT203

A	Semester:II
Exam Seat No	
Pag NO	

Reg.NO.
Machine NO.
Sign of Invigilator

#### **Instructions:**

All questions are compulsory.

3. Draw neat diagrams

4. Assume suitable data if necessary and clearly indicate the same.

Q. NO.		Max. Marks	CO NO	Module No.
Q.1	The following fig.shows pictorial view of a block.Draw the following views by using first angle method of projection:  1. FRONT VIEW  2. LHSV  3. TOP VIEW  620, THROUGH HOLE  621		1,4	2

Q. No		Max. Marks	CO NO	Module No.
Q.2	The following fig.shows pictorial view of a block.Draw the following views by using first angle method of projection:  1. SECTIONAL FRONT VIEW along the section A-A  2. RHSV  3. TOP VIEW	20	1,4	3
Q.3	Given figure shows orthographic views of an object by first angle projection method. Draw its isometric view. Give major dimensions.	20	2,4	4,5

Q.		Max.	CO	Module
No		Marks	NO	No.
Q.4	Given figure shows front view and left side view of a machine part. Draw a) Sectional Front View, along section A – A. b) Top View. c) Right Side View. d) Dimensioning.	20	3,4	5
•	\$20 \$20 \$21 \$21 \$22 \$21 \$20 \$20 \$20 \$20 \$20 \$20 \$20 \$20 \$20 \$20			
Q.5	F.Y. LHSV  (A) Draw any two types of nut. Use suitable data wherever necessary	10	4	7
_	(B) Draw any two types of bolt. Use suitable data wherever necessary.	10	4	7

# Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan's SARDAR PATEL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to University of Mumbai)

Re Examination for F.Y.BTech (Civil/Mechanical/Electrical) 2016-17

Even Semester

23rd June 2017

Total marks: 75

Duration: 3 Hrs

Class/Sem: F.Y.BTech (C/M/E) Sem-II

Subject: APPLIED PHYSICS-II

Course code: BT205

Attempt any FIVE questions out of SEVEN questions

Master file

- Answers to all sub questions should be grouped together.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- Assume suitable data if necessary and state the assumption clearly.
- Figures to the right indicate full marks, course outcome number and module number respectively.

#### Good luck! CO Mod Max ule Mark Q. no. No V CO<sub>3</sub> 8 1 Describe Michelson Morley experiment. The length of a rod is found to be half of its length when at rest. What is the speed (a) of the rod relative to the observer? IV (b) Derive Gauss' law in differential form assuming its integral form. Suppose the CO<sub>2</sub> 7 electric field in some region is found to be $\overline{E} = kr^3\hat{r}$ , in spherical coordinates, (k is some constant). a. Find the charge density p. b. Find the total charge contained in the sphere of radius R, centered at the origin. I Derive Bragg's law in crystal structures. Lead has an FCC structure with an atomic CO<sub>1</sub> 8 2 radius 1.746A°. Find the spacing of (i) (200) plane and (ii) (220) planes. (a) How are continuous X-rays produced? Derive an expression for definite minimum II CO<sub>1</sub> wavelength in continuous X-ray spectrum. The radiations of an X-ray tube operated at 50kV are diffracted by a cubic KCl crystal of weight 74.6 and density 1.99x10<sup>3</sup> kg/m<sup>3</sup>. Calculate the shortest possible wavelength of the spectrum from the tube and glancing angle for first order reflection from the (220) reflecting planes of the crystal for that wavelength Page 1 of 2

3 (a)	Write a short note on HCP structure explaining its unit cell properties. Zinc has an HCP structure. Height of the unit cell is 0.494nm. Atomic weight of zinc is 65.37. Calculate volume of the unit cell and density of zinc.	8	CO1	IV
(b)	Derive relativistic velocity addition formula. Two electrons are ejected in opposite directions from a radioactive material at rest in the laboratory. Each electron has a speed 0.67c as measured by a laboratory observer. What is the speed of one of the electron as measured from the other? Calculate it classically. Also find the velocity measured by an observer moving with one of the electron beams.	7	CO3	V
4 (a)	Make a comparison table between electrostatics and magnetostatics. Check which of the following functions an impossible electrostatic field is and which one is an impossible magnetostatic field!  a. $-\overline{E} = k(xy\hat{x} + 2yz\hat{y} + 3xz\hat{z})$	8	·CO2	V
	b. $\overline{E} = k[y^2\hat{x} + (2xy + z^2)\hat{y} + 2yz\hat{z}]$			
(b)	Write a note on rotating crystal method for determining crystal structures. If the minimum wavelength recorded in an X-ray continuous spectrum of 50kV tube is 24.7x10 <sup>-12</sup> m, calculate Planck's constant.	7	CO1	II
5 (a)	Define magnetic circuit and hence state the similarities and dissimilarities between magnetic circuits and electric circuits. A solenoid consisting of 100 turns carrying 10A current is 0.5m long. Calculate (i) magnetomotive force and (ii) total flux if	8	CO2	Ш
(b)	area of cross section is 0.0004m.	7	CO1	I
6 (a)	State and explain with example divergence theorem Compute divergence of the	8	CO2	I
(b	$\overline{v_a} = (r\cos\theta)\hat{r} + (r\sin\theta)\theta + (r\sin\theta\cos\phi)\phi$ $= (r\cos\theta)\hat{r} + (r\sin\theta)\theta + (r\sin\theta\cos\phi)\phi$ The Curie	7	CO2	IV
7		Q	CO3	V
(8	Derive Galilean transformation equations. A rod has a length of 2m. Find its length when it is carried in a rocket with a speed of 2.7x108 m/s.	8	COS	
(ł	length when it is carried in a focket with a speed of 2.77476 in a	7	CO2	e III



### Sardar Patel College of Engineering

(A Government Aided Autonomous Institute)

Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai – 400058.

Re- Examination

June 2017

Max. Marks:100

Duration: 3 Hrs

Class: F.Y.BTech

Semester: II

Program: Electrical/Mechanical/Civil Engg

Name of the Course: Basic Electrical and Electronics II

Course Code | BT202

Master file.

#### Instructions:

1. Attempt any 5 questions

2. Assume suitable data if necessary

		Max	CO	Mod
		Marks	No	No.
a.	Compare Zener and Avalanche breakdown	[10]	CO 1	1
b.	Draw neat circuit diagram and input, output characteristics of a transistor in	[10]	CO 1	3
	common base configuration			
a.	With neat diagrams explain the operation of SCR as half wave and full wave	[10]	CO 2	5
b.	With neat diagrams explain the operation of Op-amp as inverting and non inverting amplifier	[10]	CO 2	7
a.	Explain how NAND and NOR gate act as universal gate	[10]	CO 2	6
b.		[10]	CO 2	3
a.	Draw the circuit diagram and waveform for half wave and full wave rectifier with C and L filter. Also write the expression for ripple factor.	[10]	CO 2	2
b.	Explain the working principle and characteristics of SCR. (Mark all the parameters also define all the parameters)	[10]	CO 1	5
a.	Explain single stage CE amplifier with neat diagram. Also draw the input output wave forms	[10]	CO I	3
	b.  a. b. a. b.	<ul> <li>b. Draw neat circuit diagram and input, output characteristics of a transistor in common base configuration</li> <li>a. With neat diagrams explain the operation of SCR as half wave and full wave controlled rectifier</li> <li>b. With neat diagrams explain the operation of Op-amp as inverting and non inverting amplifier</li> <li>a. Explain how NAND and NOR gate act as universal gate</li> <li>b. Draw neat circuit diagram of bridge rectifier. Explain its working and draw the output waveform.</li> <li>a. Draw the circuit diagram and waveform for half wave and full wave rectifier with C and L filter. Also write the expression for ripple factor.</li> <li>b. Explain the working principle and characteristics of SCR. (Mark all the parameters, also define all the parameters)</li> <li>a. Explain single stage CE amplifier with neat diagram. Also draw the input</li> </ul>	a. Compare Zener and Avalanche breakdown  b. Draw neat circuit diagram and input, output characteristics of a transistor in common base configuration  a. With neat diagrams explain the operation of SCR as half wave and full wave controlled rectifier  b. With neat diagrams explain the operation of Op-amp as inverting and non inverting amplifier  a. Explain how NAND and NOR gate act as universal gate  [10]  b. Draw neat circuit diagram of bridge rectifier. Explain its working and draw the output waveform.  a. Draw the circuit diagram and waveform for half wave and full wave rectifier with C and L filter. Also write the expression for ripple factor.  b. Explain the working principle and characteristics of SCR. (Mark all the parameters, also define all the parameters)  a. Explain single stage CE amplifier with neat diagram. Also draw the input  [10]	a. Compare Zener and Avalanche breakdown  b. Draw neat circuit diagram and input, output characteristics of a transistor in common base configuration  a. With neat diagrams explain the operation of SCR as half wave and full wave controlled rectifier  b. With neat diagrams explain the operation of Op-amp as inverting and non inverting amplifier  a. Explain how NAND and NOR gate act as universal gate  b. Draw neat circuit diagram of bridge rectifier. Explain its working and draw the output waveform.  a. Draw the circuit diagram and waveform for half wave and full wave rectifier with C and L filter. Also write the expression for ripple factor.  b. Explain the working principle and characteristics of SCR. (Mark all the parameters, also define all the parameters)  a. Explain single stage CE amplifier with neat diagram. Also draw the input  [10] CO 1

b. Calculate Vout.  1 V	[10]	CO 2	7
<ul> <li>a. With neat diagrams explain the operation of Zener diode as a regulator</li> <li>b. Using Boolean algebra techniques, simplify the expression</li> </ul>	[10]	CO 2	2
1. $X \cdot Y + X (Y + Z) + Y (Y + Z)$ 2. $AB + \overline{AC} + A\overline{B}C(AB + C)$	[2*5]	CO 1	6
a. Draw the characteristics of JFET and mark all the regions. And also mark all the parameters	[10]	CO I	4
b. Write short notes on any two	[2*5]		1
1. Photodiode		CO 2	7
2. Op-Amp as voltage follower		CO 2	1
3 LED		COI	5
4. Turning off methods for an SCR		CO I	





## Sardar Patel College of Engineering

(A Government Aided Autonomous Institute) Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai - 400058.



#### Re-Examination June 2017

Maximum Marks: 100

Class: F.Y.B.Tech

Semester: II Name of the Course: Engineering Mathematics II **Duration: 3 hours** Program: C/M/E

Course Code: BT201

#### **Instructions:**

Attempt any FIVE questions out of SEVEN questions.

Answers to all sub questions should be grouped together.

Q	1	5 te	<u> </u>	-110
		Mark	CO	Mo
l(a)	Prove that $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{m-1}}{(1+x)^{m+n}} dx = \beta(m,n)$	6	3	5
(b)	Solve $(D^2 + 4)y = x \cos x$	6	3	5
(c)	Find the volume bounded by the cylinder $y^2 = x, x^2 = y$ and the planes $z = 0$ , $x + y + z = 1$	8	2	3
2 (a)	Assuming the validity of differentiation under integral sign, prove	6	2	7
×	that $\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \frac{\log(1 + a \sin^{2} x)}{\sin^{2} x} dx = \pi \left[ \sqrt{a + 1} - 1 \right].$			
(b)	Express $\int_{-\pi/4}^{\pi/4} (\sin \theta + \cos \theta)^{1/3} d\theta$ as a beta function.	6	2	6
(c)	Find the area included between the parabola $y^2 = 4x$ and the straight line $2x-3y+4=0$	8	1	2
	By changing into polar coordinates evaluate			_
(a)	$\int_0^4 \int_{\sqrt{4x-x^2}}^{\sqrt{16-x^2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{16-x^2-y^2}} dx dy$	6	1	2
(b)	Solve $(D^3 - 7D - 6)y = (x^2 - 3x + 4)e^{2x}$	6	3	5

(c)	Evaluate $\int_{1}^{e} \int_{1}^{\log y} \int_{1}^{e^{x}} \log z  dx dy dz$	8	2	3
(a)	Find the total length of the curve: $x^{\frac{2}{3}} + y^{\frac{2}{3}} = b^{\frac{2}{3}}$	6	1	1
	Find the total length of the curve, $x^2 + y^2 = 0$	6	3	5
(b)	Solve $(D^2 + a^2)y = \sec ax$			
(c)	Evaluate $\iint \frac{ye^{2y}}{\sqrt{(1-x)(x-y)}} dxdy$ , where R is the region of the	8	1	2
	triangle whose vertices are (0, 0), (1, 0) and (1, 1).			
(a)	Solve $(2xy^4e^y + 2xy^3 + y)dx + (x^2y^4e^y - x^2y^2 - 3x)dy = 0$	6	3	4
(b)	Evaluate $\iint \frac{y}{(a-x)\sqrt{ax-y^2}} dxdy$ , where R is the region bounded	6	1	2
	by $y^2 = ax$ and $y = x$ .		-	
(c)	Solve $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 5x \frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 \cdot \log x$	8	3	5
6(a)	$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^{n}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^{$	6	2	6
	Prove that $\int_{-1}^{1} (1+x)^m (1-x)^n dx = 2^{m+n+1} \beta(m+1, n+1)$ .  Hence evaluate $\int_{-1}^{1} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}} dx$			
(b)	Using DUIS, prove that $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\log(1+ax^{2})}{x^{2}} dx = \pi \sqrt{a}, \ (a \ge 0)$	6	2	7
(c)	Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - x(y - x) - x^3(y - x)^2$	8	3	4
7(a)	Find the mass of the lamina bounded by the curves $y^2 = ax$ and $x^2 = ay$ if the density of the lamina at any point varies as the	6	1	2
(b)	square of its distance from the origin.  Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1} \sqrt{1 - \sqrt{x}} dx$ . $\int_{0}^{\frac{y}{2}} \sqrt{2y - 4y^2} dy$	6	2	6
		8	3	5



# Sardar Patel College of Engineering

(A Government Aided Autonomous Institute) Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai - 400058. End Semester Examination May 2017



Master file.

Max. Marks:100

Class: F.Y.BTech

Semester: II

Duration: 3 Hrs

Program: Electrical/Mechanical/Civil Engg

Name of the Course: Basic Electrical and Electronics II Course Code: BT202

#### Instructions:

Question No 1 is compulsory 1.

Attempt any 4 questions from Q No.2 to Q.No.7 2.

Assume suitable data if necessary 3.

Qn			<del>_</del>	······································
No		Max	CO	Mod
QI	With neat diagrams explain the operation of	Marks	No	. No
	a. Zener diode as a regulator	[4*5]	CO 2	2
	b. BJT as a switch		CO 2	3
	c. SCR as a full wave controlled rectifier		CO 2	5
	d. Op-amp as a non inverting amplifier		CO 2	7
Q2	a. Explain the operation of op-amp as an adder and subtractor. Derive the output expressions.	[8]	CO 2	7
•	b. A loaded zener regulator is shown in fig. $V_z = 5.1 V$ at $I_z = 49 mA$ , $I_{ZK} = 1 mA$ , $Z_z = 7\Omega$ and $I_{ZM} = 70 mA$ . Determine minimum and maximum possible load currents. $(R = 22\Omega \text{ and } V_{in} = 8V)$	[7]	CO 2	2
	$V_{in}$ $= R$ $R$ $R$ $R$ $R$			
	c. What are the turning off methods for an SCR? Explain.	[5]	COI	5
Q3	a. Explain the working principle and characteristics of SCR. (Mark all the parameters, also define all the parameters)	[10]	COI	5

	b. Calculate Vout.	C = 3	000	_
	6 ka	[7]	CO2	7
	1 V ~ 2 k A			
	V <sub>out</sub>			
	3 V 2kn			
	2870			
	\$ 4 kn			
	<b>1</b>			
	c. The device parameters for an n-channel JFET are: Max current $I_{DSS}$ = 10 mA.	[3]	CO 2	4
	pinch off voltage $V_P = 4$ v. Calculate drain current for	[2]		7
	$V_{GS} = 0$			
	2. $V_{GS} = -1 V$ 3. $V_{GS} = -6 V$			
	. Vas			
Q4	a. Prove the following using Boolean Algebra	[5]	CO 3	6
	1. $\overline{A}(A+B) + (B+A)(A+\overline{B}) = A+B$		Ï	
	<ul> <li>2. AB + ABC (AB + C) = 1</li> <li>b. Design a circuit diagram of op-amp to give a gain of -15. Explain the same.</li> </ul>	[5]	CO 2	7
^	c. Draw a neat diagram of CS amplifier. Also draw the input output waveforms.	[5] [5]	COI	4
	d. A bridge rectifier uses $R_L = 1k\Omega$ , each diode is idealized to have $R_f = 10\Omega$ . A	[5]	CO 2	2
	sinusoidal voltage having amplitude of 60 V is applied. Calculate	[-]		
	I. Peak, dc and rms load currents			
	<ol> <li>dc output voltage and dc power</li> <li>ac input power</li> </ol>			
	<ul><li>3. ac input power</li><li>4. % η</li></ul>			
Q5	a. Convert the Boolean expression $Y = \bar{Q}P + R$ into a logic circuit using	[10]	CO3	6
	<ol> <li>Only NAND gates</li> <li>Only NOR gates</li> </ol>			
	b. Find the output of the following circuit	[ <i>\</i> ]	CO 2	7
	120kn	[4]	CO 2	/
	5 V +			
	Vin V_out			
		[6]	COL	4
	c. Draw the characteristics of JFET and mark all the parameters	[6]	CO I	4

Q6 a. Find $V_{DS}$ and $V_{GS}$ in fig when $I_D=8$ mA, $R_D=860\Omega$ , $R_S=390\Omega$ , $R_G=10M\Omega$ an	1 [77]	1000	
$V_{DD}=12 \text{ V}.$	d [7]	CO 2	4
b. Voltage waveforms at two inputs are given below. Determine the output on NAND and EX-OR gates if these inputs are given to each of them. Draw the waveforms.	f [4]	CO 3	6
<b>│</b>			
c. Determine each current in fig. What is $\beta_{DC}$ ?(Assume $V_{BE} = 0.7 V$ )	[5]	CO 2	3
d. Draw <b>OR gate using</b>		CO 3	6
1. NOR gates 2. NAND gates	[4]		
Q7 a. Explain single stage CE amplifier with neat diagram. Also draw the input	[10]	COI	3
output wave forms	r 1		
b. Write short notes on any two  1. photodiode	[2*5]		
2. early effect in transistor		CO 1	1
3. Avalanche breakdown		CO 2	3